## Bill of Rights Test Review

The first 10 amendments to the Constitution are called the Bill of Rights. An amendment is basically a change to the Constitution.

First Amendment is (FRAPP): There are limits to all First Amendment rights (ex. Can't yell fire in crowded theater)

Freedom of assembly allows you to meet in public and join groups like political parties that have meetings or rallies. Freedom of petition is writing complaints to the government.

The Establishment Clause in the first amendment deals with religion and separating church and state.

2<sup>nd</sup> amendment is about gun ownership and 3<sup>rd</sup> is about quartering soldiers.

4<sup>th</sup> Amendment: Protects you from unreasonable search and seizures, police must have a search warrant and probable cause.

5<sup>th</sup> amendment: Due Process, Double Jeopardy, Self-incrimination and Eminent Domain (you should know what these terms mean. Eminent Domain means the government can take your property if it has a reason and it must pay you fairly for it.

8<sup>th</sup> amendment: No excessive bail/ no cruel and unusual punishment. Some people claim the death penalty is cruel and unusual.

Ninth Amendment: not all rights are listed in the Constitution. You have protected rights that are not in the Constitution.

The Civil War Amendments: 13<sup>th</sup>, 14<sup>th</sup> and 15<sup>th</sup>: 13<sup>th</sup> is no slavery, 14<sup>th</sup> is all people born here are citizens, former slaves are citizens, all citizens have right to due process and rights, 15<sup>th</sup> all African American men can vote. Important that these Amendments are not fully followed for over 100 hundred years. Jim Crow laws were laws passed by state governments that promoted racist ideas. The 24<sup>th</sup> Amendment outlaws Poll Tax making the 15<sup>th</sup> more of a possibility.

The 19<sup>th</sup> gives women the right to vote (suffrage is another words for right to vote)